

# Release of Student Information Non-Consent Form Directory Information, Photographs, Videos, Creative Works School Year: 2016-2017

Date of Birth:

(Please Print)	
School Name:          Student ID #:	
The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), a Federal law, requires that school districts with certain exceptions, obtain written consent prior to the disclosure of personally identifiable information from a child's education records. However, school districts may disclose appropriately designated directory information without written consent, unless you have advised the District to the contrary. According to the District's Administrative Rules (Chapter 5 - Part III), directory information includes the student's name, address, telephone number if it is a listed number, electronic mail address, photograph, date and place of birth, major field of study, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of athletic teams, dates of attendance, grade level, degrees, honors and awards received, and the most recent educational agency or institution attended by student.	
Directory information can be disclosed to outside organizations without a parent's prior writter organizations include, but are not limited to, companies that manufacture class rings or publish will be used to allow you the opportunity to restrict the release of directory information. Please return it to your child's school. If this signed form is not received by the school with options sel assumed that permissions for the release of directory information have been granted.	yearbooks. This form complete this form and
Directory Information	
The district shall not release my child's directory information to a third party. I understand that choosing this option will prevent my child's information from being included in school publications (yearbooks, athletic programs, playbills) and recognition lists (graduation programs, honor rolls) or being released to the yearbook and ring vendors.	
Armed Forces	
The district shall not release my child's directory information to Armed Forces or Military Recruiters.	
Postsecondary Educational Institutions	
The district shall not release my child's directory information to postsecondary education	nal institutions.
Media Release	
The district shall not release my child's name, photograph, audio and/or video recording student achievement and accomplishment to the media, website(s), or various social me	
Creative Works	
Creative Works  The district shall not use my child's creative work or writing for publication.	
The district shall not use my child's creative work of writing for pasheatien.	
Parent/Guardian's Name : Relationship to St	cudent:
Parent/Guardian's Signature: D	ate:
For School Use Only	
Received by:Date:	
Entered in Focus by: Date:	

# STUDENT RECORDS

Student information is protected by federal and state laws as well as policies of the Nassau County School Board. These regulations for determining who can or cannot obtain student information were enacted to protect the privacy rights of students and parents.

### What rights do students and parents have?

According to Florida Statute 1002.22, students and their parents have the right to:

- Access their education records maintained by a school, including the right to inspect and review those records.
- Waive their right to access to their education records in certain circumstances.
- Challenge the information contained in the education records in order to ensure the records are not inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise a violation of privacy or other rights.
- Privacy with respect to such records and reports.
- Annual notice of their rights with respect to education records.

### What information is included in a student's record?

Florida Statute 1003.25 requires all principals to maintain permanent cumulative records for all students enrolled in a public school. The state law also determines what should be in the record and its format. A student's education records include personally identifiable data (social security number, address, birth date, sex, and race), registration forms and information, birth certificate, academic records, standardized test scores, legal documents (custody, guardianship, name change, etc.), ESE documents, ELL documents, 504 documents, Rtl documents, attendance records, and health data. The record also may contain family background information, extracurricular activities, verified reports of serious or recurrent behavior patterns, honors and awards, and a list of schools attended.

## How can parents review their child's records?

Parents can request to review student records. Schools must comply with that request within a 45-day period. If a parent feels that the record contains information that is inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the student's rights to privacy, the parent contacts the principal of the responsible school. Requests for a correction, deletion, or expunging of the record must be made to the appropriate principal in writing and must clearly identify the part of the record they want changed and why.

### Who, other than parents, can access student records?

Parents have the legal right to any and all information in a student's permanent cumulative record. If parents are divorced or separated, both parents have the right to student records unless a judicial order to the contrary is on file in the student's permanent cumulative record. Eligible students take on all the rights of a parent. An eligible student is one who is 18-years old or who is attending a postsecondary educational institution. Parents of eligible students still have access to the student's records as long as the student continues to be listed as a dependent on the parent's income tax return. A stepparent may have access to a child's record only with the written consent of the natural parent, legal guardian, or eligible student. School staff who need the information to work effectively with the student may also have access to it.

The law generally prohibits people from being able to inspect or review a student's education record without prior permission of the parent. Written consent is not required for disclosure of personally identifiable information for the following people: Principal and Assistant Principal, School Guidance Counselor(s), homeroom teacher, teacher of one or more subjects to the student, Dean of Students, NCPHU nurse or aide (access only to health records, stored separately), Occupational Specialist, Educational Support Employee aide assigned to guidance, student's academic advisor, and Administrative Data Entry Operator. Those persons who must sign and date an individual student access record are the following: school social worker, school psychologist, coach (if not the student's teacher), media specialist, activity sponsor (if not the student's teacher), designated school representatives, ESE staffing specialist, district administrative staff, parent/guardian of the student, law enforcement official, CFS official, fiscal or compliance auditor, other official who, in conduct of mandated duties may have access, and a person authorized by parent/guardian or adult student.

Please note that directory information can be made available for broad categories of students.